SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS Center, Texas

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended September 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Commissioners' Court of Shelby County Center, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelby County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelby County, Texas, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note V to the financial statements, in 2015, Shelby County adopted new accounting guidance, Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions made Subsequent to the Measurement Date -- an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 8, and pages 32 through 38 and supplemental pension schedules, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Shelby County, Texas' basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, and compliance section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and compliance section are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and compliance section are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 9, 2016 on our consideration of Shelby County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Shelby County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lufkin, Texas May 9, 2016

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNT

Managements' Discussion and Analysis

This section of the Shelby County, Texas (the "County") financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended September 30, 2015 ("FY 2015").

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide Financial Statements - Highlights

The government-wide financial statements report information about the County as a whole using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus.

- The County's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$17,062,201 on a government-wide basis as of September 30, 2015.
- For FY 2015, taxes and other revenues, including program revenues, of the County's governmental activities amounted to \$12,720,044. Expenses, including program expenses, totaled \$11,425,799.
- The County implemented GASB 68 during the 2015 year, resulting in a prior period adjustment of \$192,329 to recognize the pension liability.

Fund Financial Statements - Highlights

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the County's most significant funds. Fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus.

- The County's governmental funds reported an increases in fund balance of \$790,502 for the fiscal year.
- The County's General Fund reported a fund balance of \$4,748,553, an increase of \$961,458 from September 30, 2014.

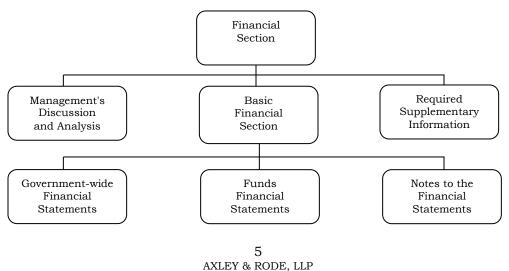
GENERAL FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial section of the financial report includes three parts:

- 1. Management's Discussion and Analysis
- 2. Basic Financial Statements
- 3. Required Supplementary Information

COMPONENTS OF THE FINANCIAL SECTION



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

The basic financial statements are presented in two different formats, each using the required basis and appropriate measurement focus. Each format is its own unique way of looking at County finances. The government-wide statements provide both long- and short-term financial information regarding the County's finances.

In contrast, the fund financial statements focus on major aspects of the County's current operations. These statements, reported on the modified-accrual basis of accounting, provide more detail about operations than the government-wide statements. Additionally, the basic financial statements include notes to further explain information in the financial statements and provide additional details about specific data.

Following the basic financial statements and notes is the required supplementary information that contains the budgetary comparison schedule for the County General Fund, as well as other budgeted funds of the County.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the County as a whole using the accrual basis of accounting, a method similar to that used by large private-sector businesses. The format is different from that used by businesses, in that the Statement of Net Position is shown on a Assets and deferred outflows, less Liabilities and deferred inflows, equals Net Position, instead of a more traditional Assets = Liabilities + Equity format.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the County, with the difference reported as net position. Over a period of several years, the change in net position will provide a barometer of how well the County is doing financially. A trend up would be an indicator of overall good financial health and management; a trend down would be an indicator of deteriorating financial condition and cause for additional management focus on the result. Of course, financial health is not just a numbers game; the reader must carefully consider all the reasons for change, including such causes as a change in the County's property tax base or the condition of facilities or roads, in order to assess overall financial condition.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the net position of the County changed during the fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when the cash was received or paid.

Although the government-wide financial statements may contain three categories, the County has only one - governmental activities. Governmental activities make up the primary government of the County. The County does not have an enterprise fund (used primarily for utilities) nor does it have discretely presented component units (used primarily for public schools). Within the governmental activities, the County includes its basic services, such as public safety; public works; judicial administration; health and welfare services; and general administration. These types of activities are financed primarily by property and other local taxes, as well as state and federal grants.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant (i.e., major) funds of the County. Funds are the primary accounting structure used to track specific sources of revenue and spending for particular or specified purposes. To record the monies received and expenditures made, the County uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. There are three basic types of funds:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds contain financial information related to the most basic of services, focusing on (1) how cash and other financial assets that may be readily converted into cash flow in and out of the books of record, and (2) the balances remaining at year-end that are available for spending. The financial statement of government funds provide a current year snapshot intended to show the reader whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the daily activities and programs of the County. These statements do not include a long-term view of governmental activities as provided in the government-wide financial statements. A reconciliation statement provides an explanation of the relationship between the two different financial statements. The reconciliation permits the reader to better understand the short-term versus long-term view afforded by the two different types.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are internal service funds used to account for the operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a business enterprise. Expenditures are recovered primarily through user charges or transfers of budgeted monies from other funds to facilitate payment. Proprietary fund financial statements, like government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information. The County does not currently have any funds of this type.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of third parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements, since the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's programs or activities. Fiduciary funds in the County consist of agency funds used to account for monies received, held and disbursed on behalf of the state or other local governments.

Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

Statement of Net Position

The following table presents a summary of the County's net position as of September 30, 2015 and 2014:

As of September 30,			
-	2015		2014
Assets:			
Current and other assets	\$ 9 993 041	\$	9 449 933
Capital assets (net)	7 191 198		7 078 827
TOTAL ASSETS	17 184 239		16 528 760
Deferred outflow	408 100		-
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	312 356		564 390
Long-term liabilities	$217\ 782$		4 085
TOTAL LIABILITIES	530 138		568 478
Deferred Inflows			
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	-		1 406 608
Net Position:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	7 191 198		$7\ 078\ 827$
Restricted	3 520 884		3 691 840
Unrestricted	6 350 119		3 783 010
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 17 062 201	\$	14 553 677
		-	

As noted earlier, net position, over time, serves as a barometer of a government's financial position. For the County, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$17,062,201 as September 30, 2015, the County's fiscal year-end. This amount represents an increase of \$1,294,245 from the net position at September 30, 2014.

As noted, a portion of the net position represents our investment in capital assets (e.g., roads, land, buildings, equipment, vehicles, etc., net of depreciation), less the outstanding debt used to acquire those assets.

Unrestricted net assets represent the remaining amount of assets that are neither related to the purchases of capital assets nor restricted for specific uses.

Capital Assets and Long Term Debt

Details of the capital assets are on page 21. The County does not currently have any long-term debt.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the governmental fund activities for the County totaled \$12,715,404 for the fiscal year 2015.

Taxes constitute the largest source of County revenues, totaling \$9,082,595 for fiscal year 2015.

The cost of the County's governmental fund activities totaled \$11,924,902. Major contributors to costs include:

	2015	_	2014
Highways and streets	\$ 4 956 344	\$	4 227 365
Law enforcement	\$ 2 928 562	\$	2 753 921
General administration	\$ 1 634 279	\$	1 827 522
Judicial	\$ 1 022 585	\$	953 664

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to record and provide compliance with government finance-related accounting and legal requirements. The focus of governmental funds is to provide data and information on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as the balances remaining of those resources. This information is used to provide operating and management reports and to meet the reporting requirements of other parties. Unassigned fund balance is an appropriate and useful measure in determining the County's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2015, the County's governmental funds had a combined fund balance totaling \$8,269,437.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund at September 30, 2015, totaled \$4,748,553. This represents approximately 82.0% of the total expenditures for FY 2015 from the General Fund.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Shelby County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the County Auditor:

200 San Augustine Street Center, Texas 75935 GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2015

		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8 581 690
Receivables Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:		
Taxes		1 411 248
Other	-	103
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	-	9 993 041
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets:		
Land		373 550
Streets and infrastructure		16 298 039
Buildings and improvements		3 795 622
Furniture and equipment		7 246 096
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(20 522 109)
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	-	7 191 198
TOTAL ASSETS		17 184 239
	-	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW		
Contribution subsequent to measurement date		267 603
Pension deferred outflows	_	140 497
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW		408 100
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$ _	17 592 339
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	181 297
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	131 059
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	312 356
	-	
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Pension liability		216 784
Accrued compensation absence	-	998
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	-	217 782
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	530 138
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		7 191 198
Restricted		3 520 884
Unrestricted		6 350 119
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	17 062 201
	-	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

					PROGRAM REVENU	JES			CHANGES IN NET POSITION
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government:	 EXPENSES	_	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	_	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	_	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
Governmental Activities: General administration Judicial Law enforcement and corrections Streets and bridges Community service Nondepartmental TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL	\$ 1 643 273 1 052 509 2 830 243 4 473 063 404 992 1 021 719	\$ \$	955 459 50 092 285 397 716 336 - -	\$	11 608 193 614 107 806 - - -	\$	- - 864 907 - -	\$	(676 206) (808 803) (2 437 040) (2 891 820) (404 992) (1 021 719)
ACTIVITIES	\$ 11 425 799	\$	2 007 284	\$	313 028	\$	864 907	•	(8 240 580)
	General Revent Taxes:	les:							
	Propert	v ta	xes						7 803 533
	Other t								1 283 702
	Unrestricte	d in	vestment earni	ngs					23 598
	Other unre	stric	ted revenue						423 992
	TOTAL C	JENI	ERAL REVENU	ES					9 534 825
			NET POSITION	ſ					1 294 245
	Net position, be								14 553 677
	Prior period ad			~ -					1 214 279
			ON, BEGINNING	э, R	ESTATED			d	15 767 956
	NET POS	SITIC	ON, ENDING					\$.	17 062 201

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2015

		GENERAL		NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL		TOTAL
ASSETS	-		-			
Cash and investments	\$	4 904 081	\$	3 677 609	\$	8 581 690
Property tax receivable		741 673		669 575		1 411 248
Other receivables	-	-	_	103		103
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5 645 754	\$	4 347 287	\$	9 993 041
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	59 443	\$	121 854	\$	181 297
Accrued liabilities		96 085	-	34 974		131 059
TOTAL LIABILITIES		155 528	-	156 828		312 356
Deferred Inflows:		741 (72)				1 411 040
Unavailable revenue TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS		741 673 741 673	-	<u> </u>		<u>1 411 248</u> 1 411 248
IOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS		741 073	-	009 575		1 411 248
Fund Balances: Restricted fund balance Unassigned Reported in:		-		3 520 884		3 520 884
General fund	-	4 748 553	-	-		4 748 553
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		4 748 553	-	3 520 884	-	8 269 437
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCE	\$	5 645 754	\$	4 347 287	-	
Capital assets are not recorded in funds, b Statement of Net Position Pension liability and accrued compensated			hula	led		7 191 198
in the funds, but are included in Stateme Deferred outflows are not included in fund	ent of	Net Position	Jua			(217 783)
in Statement of Net Position Unavailable property taxes are included in						408 100
recognized in the Statement of Net Position Rounding					-	1 411 248 2
TOTAL NET POSITION					\$	17 062 201

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

		GENERAL		NON-MAJOR FUNDS		TOTAL
Revenues:	-	GENERAL	-	FONDS	-	TOTAL
Property taxes	\$	5 479 576	\$	2 319 317	\$	7 798 893
Other taxes		6 312		1 277 390		1 283 702
Fines and fees		579 153		906 931		1 486 084
Interest		22 002		1 596		23 598
Charges for services		461 096		57 907		519 003
Grant and donations		42 217		752 203		794 420
Miscellaneous	_	282 472	_	527 232		809 704
TOTAL REVENUES	-	6 872 828	_	5 842 576	_	12 715 404
Expenditures:						
General administration		1 397 327		236 952		1 634 279
Judicial		776 663		245 922		1 022 585
Law enforcement and corrections		2 672 673		255 889		2 928 562
Streets and bridges		-		4 956 344		4 956 344
Community service		-		393 265		393 265
Non-departmental	_	989 867	_	-		989 867
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	5 836 530	_	6 088 372	-	11 924 902
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		1 036 298		(245 796)		790 502
	-		-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in (out)	-	(74 840)	-	74 840	-	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	-	(74 840)	-	74 840	-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		961 458		(170 956)		790 502
Fund balances, beginning	-	3 787 095	-	3 691 840	-	7 478 935
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	4 748 553	\$	3 520 884	\$	8 269 437

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:		
Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds.	\$	790 502
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount capital outlay exceeded depreciation expenditures expense.		112 371
Governmental funds expense accrued compensated absence and pension liabilities as the payments are made, while government wide statements record the future liabilities.		386 732
Governmental funds defer property taxes until collection, while government wide funds statements recognize the revenue.	_	4 640
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	1 294 245

SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2015

Assets	COMBINED FIDUCIARY FUNDS
Assets: Cash and cash equivalent TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>3 612 914</u> \$ <u>3 612 914</u>
Liabilities: Due to others TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ <u>3 612 914</u> \$ <u>3 612 914</u>

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of Shelby County, Texas (the "County") reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in *Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*. The GASB has issued a codification of governmental accounting and financial reporting standards. This codification and subsequent GASB pronouncements are recognized as generally accepted accounting principles for state and local government. The financial reporting practices of the County comply with the financial reporting standards established by the GASB.

A. Reporting Entity

The County is a public corporation and political subdivision of the State of Texas. The Commissioners Court, which is made up of four commissioners and the county judge, is the general governing body of the County in accordance with Article 5, Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. The County provides the following services as authorized by the statutes of the State of Texas: general government (e.g., tax collection), judicial (e.g., courts, juries, district attorney, etc.), public safety (e.g., sheriff, jail), highways and streets, health, education, and public welfare (e.g., juvenile services and assistance to indigents).

The accompanying basic financial statements present the government activities according to criteria in GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. Under provisions of this Statement, the County is considered a primary government, since it is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report, except for County fiduciary activity, information on all of the activities of the County. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Governmental activities are supported mainly by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The General Fund meet criteria as a major governmental fund.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Governmental activities presented as governmental funds in the fund financial statements:

General Fund

This fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources of the County except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Fiduciary Funds - Trust

These funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Major revenue types, which have been accrued, are district clerk and County clerk fees, justice of the peace fees, revenue from investments, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using the current resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measureable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue. Property taxes levied prior to September 30 that became due October 1 have been assessed to finance the budget of the fiscal year beginning October 1 and, accordingly, have need reflected as deferred revenue and taxes receivable in the fund financial statements at September 30. Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity
 - 1. Cash and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments. The Commissioners' Court of the County adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in *Public Funds Investment Act* (Chapter 2256, Texas Local Government). Such investments include obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, certificates of deposits, fully collateralized repurchase agreements, a banker's acceptance, commercial paper, mutual funds and money market mutual funds. The investments of the County are in compliance with its investment policies.

The County invested only in certificates of deposit for the fiscal year 2015. The County records investments at fair market value in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. All investment income is recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund's statement of activity or statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance.

2. Receivables and Payables

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 prior to September 30 and become due October 1 and past due after January 31. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for prior year's levy are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible.

Lending or borrowing between funds is reflected as "due to or due from" (current portion) or "advances to/from other funds" (non-current). Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. Interfund balances are eliminated in the government-wide statements.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges), are reported in the governmentwide financial statements. Capital assets such as equipment are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. Infrastructure assets include Countyowned roads and bridges. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSETS	YEARS
Buildings	50
Furniture and fixtures	7
General equipment	5
Trucks	7
Cars	3
Computer hardware	5

4. Compensated Absences

A liability for unused vacation for all full time employees is calculated and reported in the government-wide statements. For financial reporting, the following criteria must be met to be considered as compensated absences:

- leave or compensation is attributable to services already rendered
- leave or compensation is not contingent on a specific event (such as illness).

Per GASB Interpretation No. 6, liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements to the extent the liabilities have matured (i.e., are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements.

5. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other longterm obligations are reported as liabilities under the governmental activities statement of net position.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Fund Equity

"Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" provide clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund Balance Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balance Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the County itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., Commission). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the County takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- Assigned Fund Balance Amounts the County intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Commission or by an official or body to which the Commission delegates the authority.
- Unassigned Fund Balance Amounts that are available for any purpose.

The Commission establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Commission through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

8. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflows of resources (revenue) until that time.

II. DEPOSIT, INVESTMENTS AND INVESTMENT POLICIES

Deposits

At September 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the County's deposits totaled \$12,157,263, inclusive of fiduciary funds. All bank balances at year end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the depository bank in the County's name.

Investments

The County's investment policies are in accordance with the laws of the State of Texas. The policies identify authorized investments and investment terms, collateral requirements and safekeeping requirements for collateral. The County's investments are categorized as either (1) insured and registered for which the securities are held by the County's agent in the name of the County, (2) uninsured and unregistered for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the name of the County, or (3) uninsured and unregistered for which the securities are held by the Counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the name of the County. The investments of the County fall under category 1.

III. PROPERTY TAXES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied prior to September 30, become due on October 1 and are delinquent after January 31. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

III. PROPERTY TAXES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES - CONTINUED

At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Property Taxes Receivable:	
General fund	\$ 741 673
Special revenue fund	669 575
TOTAL UNEARNED REVENUE	\$ 1 411 248

The County is authorized by the tax laws of the State of Texas to levy taxes up to \$.80 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services and the payment of principal and interest on certain permanent improvement long-term debt. Taxes may be levied in unlimited amounts for the payment of principal and interest on road bond long-term debt issued under Article 3, Section 52 of the Texas constitution.

Receivables as of year-end for the governmental activities including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	GENERAL		SPECIAL REVENUE		TOTAL
Receivables:		_		-	
Taxes	\$ 872 556	\$	787 732	\$	1 660 288
Less: Allowances for uncollectibles	(130 883)		(118 157)		(249 040)
NET RECEIVABLES	\$ 741 673	\$	669 575	\$	1 411 248

IV. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are recorded at cost or, if donated, at fair market value at the date of receipt. Depreciation policies were adopted to include the useful lives and classification by asset type. Infrastructure assets are valued in two ways: either actual historical cost where the amount can be determined from existing records or using current cost deflated to the year of construction. Once historical cost is determined, regardless of how it is determined, the asset is depreciated over its useful life.

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

		BALANCE 10/01/2014	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS		BALANCE 09/30/2015
Governmental Activities:	-				-	
Land	\$	373 550	\$ -	\$ -	\$	373 550
Infrastructure		16 298 039	-	-		16 298 039
Buildings and						
improvements		3 775 744	19 878	-		3 795 622
Vehicles and						
equipment		6 478 649	894 341	(126 894)		7 246 096
Accumulated						
depreciation	_	(19 847 155)	 (826 387)	 151 433		(20 522 109)
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	$7\ 078\ 827$	\$ 87 832	\$ 24 539	\$	7 191 198

Depreciation is expensed by function within the Statement of Activities as follows:

General administration	\$	115 876
Judicial		55 854
Law enforcement and corrections		162 296
Streets and bridges		411 021
Community service		21 890
Non-departmental	_	59 450
	\$	826 387

V. RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The District provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 641 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P. O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 10 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 80 or more. Members are vested after 10 years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Actuarial Assumptions

Following are the key assumptions and methods used in this GASB analysis.

Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal ⁽¹⁾		
Asset Valuation Method			
Smoothing period	5 years		
Recognition method	Non-asymptotic		
Corridor	None		
Inflation	Same as funding valuation		
Salary Increases	Same as funding valuation		
Investment Rate of Return	8.10%		
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	Cost-of-Living Adjustments for the District are not considered to be substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.		
Retirement Age Turnover Mortality	Same as funding valuation Same as funding valuation Same as funding valuation		

(1) Individual entry age normal cost method, as required by GASB 68, used for GASB calculations. Note that a slightly different version of the entry age normal cost method is used for the funding actuarial valuation.

V. RETIREMENT PLAN - CONTINUED

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used for Funding Valuation:

Following is a description of the assumptions used in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation analysis for Shelby County. This information may also be found in the Shelby County December 31, 2014 Summary Valuation Report.

Economic Assumptions:

TCDRS System-Wide Economic Assumptions:

Real rate of return	5.0%
Inflation	3.0%
Long-term investment return	8.0%

The long-term investment return of 8% is net of investment expenses and is expected to enable the system to credit interest at the nominal annual rates shown below to the following major funds:

Subdivision Accumulation Fund	9%
Employees Saving Fund	7%
Current Service Annuity Reserve Fund	7%

Assuming interest will be credited at these nominal annual rates to the various funds, we have then assumed the following:

- An annual rate of 9% for calculating the actuarial accrued liability and normal cost contributions rate for the retirement plan of each participating employer.
- An annual rate of 7% required under the TCDRS Act for: (1) accumulating current service credit and multiple matching credit after the valuation date; (2) accumulating prior service credit after the valuation date; (3) determining the amount of the monthly benefit at future dates of retirement or disability; and (4) calculating the actuarial accrued liability of the system-wide Current Service Annuity Reserve Fund.

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.5% (made up of 3.0% inflation and 0.5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.4% per year for a career employee. (See Table 1 for Merit Salary Increases.)

Employer-Specific Economic Assumptions:

Growth in membership	0.00%
Payroll growth	3.50%

The payroll growth assumption is for the aggregate covered payroll of an employer.

V. RETIREMENT PLAN - CONTINUED

		Entry Age		
Years of	Before	Ages	Ages	50 and
Service	30	30-39	40-49	Later
0	5.25%	4.75%	4.25%	3.75%
1	4.50%	4.00%	3.50%	3.00%
2	4.00%	3.50%	3.00%	2.50%
3	3.50%	3.00%	2.50%	2.00%
4	3.00%	2.50%	2.00%	1.50%
5	2.65%	2.15%	1.65%	1.15%
6	2.40%	1.90%	1.40%	0.90%
7	2.20%	1.70%	1.20%	0.70%
8	2.05%	1.55%	1.05%	0.55%
9	1.95%	1.45%	0.95%	0.45%
10	1.85%	1.35%	0.85%	0.40%
11	1.75%	1.25%	0.75%	0.40%
12	1.65%	1.15%	0.65%	0.40%
13	1.55%	1.05%	0.55%	0.40%
14	1.56%	0.95%	0.45%	0.40%
15	1.35%	0.90%	0.40%	0.40%
16	1.25%	0.85%	0.40%	0.40%
17	1.15%	0.80%	0.40%	0.40%
18	1.10%	0.75%	0.40%	0.40%
19	1.05%	0.70%	0.40%	0.40%
20	1.00%	0.65%	0.40%	0.40%
21	0.95%	0.60%	0.40%	0.40%
22	0.90%	0.55%	0.40%	0.40%
23	0.85%	0.50%	0.40%	0.40%
24	0.80%	0.45%	0.40%	0.40%
25	0.75%	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%
26	0.70%	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%
27	0.65%	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%
28	0.60%	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%
29	0.55%	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%
30 & Up	0.50%	0.40%	0.40%	0.40%

Table 1 Merit Salary Increases*

* These rates do not include the wage inflation rate of 3.5% per year. For example, a member who entered the system at age 20 and is in the first year of service is assumed to receive an 8.93% total annual increase in his salary. The 8.93% is a combination of the 5.25% merit increase and the 3.5% wage inflation. Note that the two components are compounded, so it is a slightly different result than just adding the two percentages.

Demographic Assumptions

TCDRS System-Wide Demographic Assumptions:

<u>Replacement of Terminated Members</u> - New employees are assumed to replace any terminated members and have similar entry ages.

<u>Disability</u> - The rates of disability used in this valuation are illustrated in Table 2. Members who become disabled are eligible to commence benefit payments regardless of age. Rates of disability are in a custom table based on TCDRS experience.

V. RETIREMENT PLAN - CONTINUED

		Annual Rates	of Di
	Work Related	All Other Causes	
	Male and	Male and	
Age	Female	Female	
less than 25	0.000%	0.000%	
25	0.000%	0.000%	
26	0.000%	0.000%	
27	0.000%	0.000%	
28	0.000%	0.010%	
29	0.000%	0.010%	
30	0.000%	0.011%	
31	0.000%	0.012%	
32	0.000%	0.012%	
33	0.000%	0.014%	
34	0.000%	0.018%	
35	0.001%	0.023%	
36	0.001%	0.028%	
37	0.001%	0.035%	
38	0.002%	0.041%	
39	0.002%	0.047%	
40	0.003%	0.053%	
41	0.004%	0.059%	
42	0.004%	0.066%	

Table 2			
Annual	Rates	of	Disability *

	Work Related	All Other Causes
	Male and	Male and
Age	Female	Female
43	0.005%	0.072%
44	0.005%	0.079%
45	0.006%	0.086%
46	0.006%	0.095%
47	0.007%	0.105%
48	0.007%	0.119%
49	0.008%	0.136%
50	0.009%	0.156%
51	0.009%	0.178%
52	0.010%	0.203%
53	0.011%	0.229%
54	0.012%	0.254%
55	0.014%	0.278%
56	0.016%	0.297%
57	0.018%	0.312%
58	0.022%	0.325%
59	0.024%	0.337%
60 & Above	0.000%	0.000%

* The probability of disablement from all other causes is applicable for members who are vested but not eligible for service retirement. Before a member is vested, only the work related disability provisions are applicable.

Mortality

Depositing members	The RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality Table for males with a two-year set-forward and the RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality Table for females with a four-year setback, both with the projection scale AA.
Service retirees, beneficiaries and non-depositing members	The RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with the projection scale AA, with a one-year set-forward for males and no age adjustment for females.
Disabled retirees	RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for males with no age adjustment and RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for females with a two-year set- forward, both with the projection scale AA.

<u>Family Composition</u> - For current retirees, beneficiary information is supplied by TCDRS. For purposes of calculating the Survivor Benefit for current depositing and non-depositing members, male members are assumed to have a female beneficiary who is three years younger. Female members are assumed to have a male beneficiary who is three years older. <u>Service Retirement</u> - Members eligible for service retirement are assumed to retire at the rates shown in Table 3.

Table 3	
Annual Rates of Service	Retirement*

	An	nual Rates
Age	Male	Female
40-44	4.5%	4.5%
45-40	9.0%	9.0%
50	10.0%	10.0%
51	10.0%	10.0%
52	10.5%	10.5%
53	10.5%	10.5%
54	10.5%	10.5%
55	11.0%	11.0%
56	11.0%	11.0%
57	11.0%	11.0%
58	12.0%	12.0%
59	12.0%	12.0%
60	14.0%	14.0%
61	12.0%	12.0%

ice Retii	rement"	
Age	Male	Female
62	25.0%	25.0%
63	16.0%	16.0%
64	16.0%	16.0%
65	30.0%	30.0%
66	25.0%	25.0%
67	24.0%	24.0%
68	22.0%	22.0%
69	22.0%	22.0%
70	22.0%	22.0%
71	22.0%	22.0%
72	22.0%	22.0%
73	22.0%	22.0%
74**	22.0%	22.0%

* Deferred members are assumed to retire (100% probability) at the later of:

a) 🕺 age 60

b) earliest retirement eligibility.

** For all eligible members ages 75 and later, retirement is assumed to occur immediately.

V. RETIREMENT PLAN - CONTINUED

Years of	Entry	Age 20	Entry	Age 30	Entry Age 40		Entry	Age 50
Service	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
1	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
2	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
3	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
4	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
5	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
6	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
7	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
8	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
9	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
10	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
11	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
12	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
13	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
14	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
15	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
16	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
17	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
18	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
19	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
20	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
21	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
22	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
23	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
24	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
25	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
26	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
27	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
28	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
29	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
30 & Later	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Table 4 Annual Rates of Termination

<u>Withdrawals</u> - Members who terminate may either elect to leave their account with TCDRS or withdraw their funds. The probability that a member elects a withdrawal varies by length of service and vesting schedule. Rates applied to the plan are shown in Table 5. For non-depositing members who are not vested, 100% are assumed to elect a withdrawal.

Years of		Years of	
Service	Probability	Service	Probability
0	100%	15	40%
1	100%	16	38%
2	100%	17	36%
3	100%	18	34%
4	100%	19	32%
5	100%	20	30%
6	100%	21	28%
7	100%	22	26%
8	100%	23	24%
9	100%	24	22%
10	48%	25	20%
11	47%	26	15%
12	46%	27	10%
13	44%	28*	5%
14	42%		

Table 5 Probability of Withdrawal

* Members with more than 28 years of service are not assumed to refund.

V. **RETIREMENT PLAN - CONTINUED**

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2015 information for a 7-10 year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2013. See Milliman's TCDRS Investigation of Experience report for the period January 1, 2009 - December 31, 2013 for more details.

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation) ⁽²⁾
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	16.50%	5.35%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity Capital Index ⁽³⁾	12.00%	8.35%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	1.50%	5.65%
International Equities -	50% MSCI World Ex USA (net) + 50% MSCI USA 100% Hedged		
Developed	to USD (net) Index	11.00%	5.35%
International Equities -	50% MSCI EM Standard (net) Index + 50% EM 100% Hedged		
Emerging	to USD (net) Index	9.00%	6.35%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	0.55%
High-Yield Bonds	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.00%	3.75%
Opportunistic Credit	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	5.00%	5.54%
Direct Lending	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	2.00%	5.80%
Distressed Debt	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.00%	6.75%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + FRSE EPRA/NAREIT		
	Global Real Estate Index	2.00%	4.00%
Commodities	Bloomberg Commodities Index	2.00%	(0.20)%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.30%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁴⁾	3.00%	7.20%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds		
	Composite Index	25.00%	5.15%
(1) Target asset a	llocation adopted at the April 2015 TCDRS Board meeting.		
(0) Commentation	and a function in a difficulty and inflation of 1 70/ man Cliff unterly	0015	

Geometric real rates of return in addition to assumed inflation of 1.7%, per Cliffwater's 2015 capital market assumptions.

(2) (3) (4) Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Depletion of Plan Assets / GASB Discount Rate

The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- 1. The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plans fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not included in (1), 2. calculated using the municipal bond rate.

V. RETIREMENT PLAN - CONTINUED

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit payments for those years.

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plans fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future date, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments. If an evaluation of the sufficiency of the projected fiduciary net position compared to projected benefit payments can be made with sufficient reliability without performing a depletion date projection, alternative methods to determine sufficiency may be applied.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used by the employer we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. Our alternative method reflects the funding requirements under the employer's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- 1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2. Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
- 3. The employers assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 8.10%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 8.00%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

V. RETIREMENT PLAN - CONTINUED

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the county/district, calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the Shelby County net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.10%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.10%) than the current rate.

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	7.10%	8.10%	9.10%
Total pension liability	\$ 14 164 332	\$ 12 693 417	\$ 11 474 455
Fiduciary net position	\$ 12 476 633	\$ 12 476 633	\$ 12 476 633
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$ 1 687 699	\$ 216 784	\$ (1 002 178)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Net investment income - 802 479 (802 479 Employer contributions - 338 996 (338 996	Changes in Net Pension		Total Pension Liability		Increase (Decrease) Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability / (Asset)
Changes for the Year:Service cost $463\ 927$ - $463\ 927$ Interest on total pension liability ⁽¹⁾ $960\ 407$ - $960\ 407$ Effect of plan changesEffect of economic/demographic gains or losses $19\ 055$ - $19\ 055$ Effect of assumptions changes or inputsRefund of contributions $(93\ 475)$ $(93\ 476)$ -Benefit payments $(650\ 830)$ $(650\ 830)$ -Administrative expenses-(93\ 51)9\ 351Member contributions- $266\ 626$ $(266\ 626$ Net investment income- $802\ 479$ $(802\ 479)$ Employer contributions- $338\ 996$ $(338\ 996)$	~ , (-		- 		
Service cost $463\ 927$ - $463\ 927$ Interest on total pension liability ⁽¹⁾ $960\ 407$ - $960\ 407$ Effect of plan changes - - - Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses $19\ 055$ - $19\ 055$ Effect of assumptions changes or inputs - - - Refund of contributions (93\ 475) (93\ 476) - Benefit payments (650\ 830) (650\ 830) - Administrative expenses - (93\ 51) 9\ 351 Member contributions - 266\ 626 (266\ 626 Net investment income - 802\ 479 (802\ 479 Employer contributions - 338\ 996 (338\ 996	,	\$	11 994 333	\$	11 802 004	\$ 192 329
Interest on total pension liability ⁽¹⁾ 960 407-960 407Effect of plan changesEffect of economic/demographic gains or losses19 055-19 055Effect of assumptions changes or inputsRefund of contributions(93 475)(93 476)-Benefit payments(650 830)(650 830)-Administrative expenses-(9 351)9 351Member contributions-266 626(266 626Net investment income-802 479(802 479Employer contributions-338 996(338 996	8					
Effect of plan changesEffect of plan changes19 055-19 055Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses19 055-19 055Effect of assumptions changes or inputsRefund of contributions(93 475)(93 476)-Benefit payments(650 830)(650 830)-Administrative expenses-(9 351)9 351Member contributions-266 626(266 626Net investment income-802 479(802 479)Employer contributions-338 996(338 996)					-	
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses19 055-19 055Effect of assumptions changes or inputsRefund of contributions(93 475)(93 476)-Benefit payments(650 830)(650 830)-Administrative expenses-(9 351)9 351Member contributions-266 626(266 626Net investment income-802 479(802 479Employer contributions-338 996(338 996	Interest on total pension liability ⁽¹⁾		960 407		-	960 407
Effect of assumptions changes or inputsRefund of contributions(93 475)(93 476)-Benefit payments(650 830)(650 830)-Administrative expenses-(9 351)9 351Member contributions-266 626(266 626Net investment income-802 479(802 479Employer contributions-338 996(338 996	Effect of plan changes		-		-	-
Refund of contributions (93 475) (93 476) - Benefit payments (650 830) (650 830) - Administrative expenses - (9 351) 9 351 Member contributions - 266 626 (266 626 Net investment income - 802 479 (802 479 Employer contributions - 338 996 (338 996	Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		19 055		-	19 055
Benefit payments (650 830) (650 830) - Administrative expenses - (9 351) 9 351 Member contributions - 266 626 (266 626 Net investment income - 802 479 (802 479 Employer contributions - 338 996 (338 996	Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		-	-
Administrative expenses - (9 351) 9 351 Member contributions - 266 626 (266 626 Net investment income - 802 479 (802 479 Employer contributions - 338 996 (338 996	Refund of contributions		(93 475)		(93 476)	-
Member contributions - 266 626 (266 626 Net investment income - 802 479 (802 479 Employer contributions - 338 996 (338 996	Benefit payments		(650 830)		(650 830)	-
Net investment income - 802 479 (802 479 Employer contributions - 338 996 (338 996	Administrative expenses		-		(9 351)	9 351
Employer contributions - 338 996 (338 996	Member contributions		-		266 626	(266 626)
1 5	Net investment income		-		802 479	(802 479)
	Employer contributions		-		338 996	(338 996)
Other ⁽²⁾ - 20185 (20184	Other ⁽²⁾		-		20 185	(20 184)
Balances as of December 31, 2014 \$ 12 693 417 \$ 12 476 633 \$ 216 784	Balances as of December 31, 2014	\$	12 693 417	\$	12 476 633	\$ 216 784

(1) Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

(2) Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Pension Expense and Deferred Inflows/Outflows

As of December 31, 2014, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

	Deferred	Deferred
Deferred Inflows/	Inflows of	Outflows of
Outflows of Resources	 Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 14 291
Change of assumptions	\$ -	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$ -	\$ 126 206
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	\$ -	\$ 267 603

V. RETIREMENT PLAN - CONTINUED

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31,	
2015	\$ 36 315
2016	\$ 36 315
2017	\$ 36 315
2018	\$ 31 552
2019	\$ -
Thereafter	\$ -

VI. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets: errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County maintains a limited amount of commercial insurance coverage for these risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the County. Settled claims did not exceed this commercial insurance coverage during the current fiscal year.

VII. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Accounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the County's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County.

VIII. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through May 9, 2016, the date the financial statements were available to be issues.

IX. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Prior period adjustments were made in the Government-wide Statements of \$1,406,608 to recognize property taxes earned in prior periods, and \$(192,329) to recognize the beginning pension liability.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	_	ORIGINAL BUDGET	 FINAL BUDGET	 ACTUAL AMOUNTS	 VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	5 287 604	\$ 5 287 604	\$ 5 479 576	\$ 191 972
Other taxes		5 000	5 000	6 312	1 312
Fines		310 000	310 000	334 807	24 807
Fees of office		265 000	265 000	244 346	(20 654)
Interest		15 000	15 000	22 002	7 002
Grants		41 000	41 000	42 217	$1\ 217$
Commissions		375 000	375 000	461 096	86 096
Miscellaneous		146 500	146 500	282 472	135 972
TOTAL REVENUES	_	6 445 104	 6 445 104	 6 872 828	 427 724
Expenditures:					
General Administration Expenditures:					
County Agents:					
Payroll expense		65 823	65 823	66 269	(446)
Operating expense		26 060	26 060	26 692	(632)
TOTAL COUNTY AGENTS	-	91 883	 91 883	 92 961	 (1 078)
County Auditor:	-				
Payroll expense		119 958	119 958	121 225	(1 267)
Operating expense		14 600	14 600	5 557	9 043
TOTAL COUNTY AUDITOR	-	134 558	 134 558	 126 782	 7 776
County Clerk:	-	101 000	 101 000	 120 102	
Payroll expense		189 357	189 357	176 944	12 413
Operating expense		56 500	56 500	60 439	(3 939)
TOTAL COUNTY CLERK	-	245 857	 245 857	 237 383	 8 474
County Clerk Election Deputy:	-	210 001	 210 001	 201 000	 0 17 1
Payroll expense		32 542	32 542	33 021	(479)
Operating expense		42 458	42 458	42 146	312
TOTAL COUNTY CLERK ELECTION	-	74 700	 74 730	 72 170	 512
DEPUTY		75 000	75 000	75 167	(167)
County Judge:	-	10 000	 15 000	 75 107	 (107)
Payroll expense		117 703	117 703	111 939	5 764
Operating expense		16 600	16 600	14 295	2 305
TOTAL COUNTY JUDGE	-	134 303	 134 303	 126 234	 8 069
District Clerk:	-	10+ 000	 10+ 000	 120 254	 0.009
Payroll expense		195 662	195 662	180 925	14 737
Operating expense		56 200	56 200	51 897	4 303
TOTAL DISTRICT CLERK	-	251 862	 251 862	 232 822	 19 040
Courthouse Manager:	-	201 002	 201 002	 101 011	 19 0 10
Payroll expense		19 238	19 238	19 347	(109)
Operating expense		23 200	23 200	30 685	(7 485)
TOTAL COURTHOUSE MANAGER	-	42 438	 42 438	 50 032	 (7 594)
Tax Assessor Collector:	-	.1 .00	 .=	 00001	 (1.05.1)
Payroll expense		212 751	212 751	238 872	(26 121)
Operating expense		64 150	64 150	58 334	5 816
TOTAL TAX ASSESSOR COLLECTOR	-	276 901	 276 901	 297 206	 (20 305)
County Treasurer:	-	1.0 201	 110 201	 42. 400	 (10 000)
Payroll expense		93 545	93 545	89 662	3 883
Operating expense		5 750	5 750	9 153	(3 403)
TOTAL COUNTY TREASURER	-	99 295	 99 295	 98 815	 480
Commissioner Secretary:		<i>,,,</i> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	 <i>,,,</i> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	 20 010	 100
Payroll expense		35 725	35 725	37 035	(1 310)
Operating expense		4 500	4 500	4 597	(1010) (97)
TOTAL COMMISSIONER SECRETARY	-	40 225	 40 225	 41 632	 (1 407)
	_	10 440	 10 440	 11 004	 (1 107)

SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CONTINUED BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

				VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET -
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	POSITIVE
Veterans Officer:	BUDGET	BUDGET	AMOUNTS	(NEGATIVE)
Payroll expense	13 690	13 690	13 213	477
Operating expense	4 500	4 500	5 080	(580)
TOTAL VETERANS OFFICER	18 190	18 190	18 293	(103)
TOTAL GENERAL ADMINISTRATION	1 410 512	1 410 512	1 397 327	13 185
Judicial Expenditures:				
County Attorney:				
Payroll expense	227 614	227 614	230 368	(2 754)
Operating expense	13 500	13 500	15 496	(1 996)
TOTAL COUNTY ATTORNEY	241 114	241 114	245 864	(4 750)
District Attorney:				<u>.</u>
Payroll expense	176 747	176 747	152 639	24 108
Operating expense	38 800	38 800	50 998	(12 198)
TOTAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY	215 547	215 547	203 637	11 910
District Judges:				
Payroll expense	47 863	47 863	48 255	(392)
Operating expense	9 700	9 700	8 661	1 039
TOTAL DISTRICT JUDGES	57 563	57 563	56 916	647
Justice of the Peace #1:	00.000	00.000		
Payroll expense	80 306	80 306	79 185	1 121
Operating expense	7 250	7 250	11 072	(3 822)
TOTAL JUSTICE OF THE PEACE #1	87 556	87 556	90 257	(2 701)
Justice of the Peace #2:	25 490	25 490	24 720	740
Payroll expense Operating expense	35 482 2 860	35 482 4 460	34 739 10 208	743 (5 748)
TOTAL JUSTICE OF THE PEACE #2	38 342	39 942	44 947	(5 005)
Justice of the Peace #3:	30 342	39 942	44 947	[3 003]
Payroll expense	31 655	31 655	32 297	(642)
Operating expense	3 850	3 850	8 363	(4 513)
TOTAL JUSTICE OF THE PEACE #3	35 505	35 505	40 660	(5 155)
Justice of the Peace #4:			10 000	(0 100)
Payroll expense	36 189	36 189	36 650	(461)
Operating expense	6 310	7 810	8 075	(265)
TOTAL JUSTICE OF THE PEACE #4	42 499	43 999	44 725	(726)
Justice of the Peace #5:				
Payroll expense	31 655	31 655	37 152	(5 497)
Operating expense	5 410	9 010	12 505	(3 495)
TOTAL JUSTICE OF THE PEACE #5	37 065	40 665	49 657	(8 992)
TOTAL JUDICIAL EXPENDITURES	755 191	761 891	776 663	(14 772)
Law Enforcement and Corrections				
Expenditures:				
Constable Pct #1:				
Payroll expense	54 470	54 470	55 494	(1 024)
Operating expense	8 700	8 700	5 717	2 983
TOTAL CONSTABLE PCT #1	63 170	63 170	61 211	1 959
Constable Pct #2:				
Payroll expense	54 470	54 470	55 494	(1 024)
Operating expense	8 700	8 700	5 434	3 266
TOTAL CONSTABLE PCT #2	63 170	63 170	60 928	2 242
Constable Pct #3:				
Payroll expense	54 470	54 470	55 494	(1 024)
Operating expense	8 700	8 700	4 016	4 684
TOTAL CONSTABLE PCT #3	63 170	63 170	59 510	3 660

SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CONTINUED BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Constable Pct #4:				
Payroll expense	54 470	54 470	55 494	(1 024)
Operating expense	11 800	10 300	8 920	1 380
TOTAL CONSTABLE PCT #4	66 270	64 770	64 414	356
Constable Pct #5:				
Payroll expense	54 470	54 470	55 494	(1 024)
Operating expense	8 800	8 800	3 980	4 820
TOTAL CONSTABLE PCT #5	63 270	63 270	59 474	3 796
DPS Secretary:				
Payroll expense	48 588	48 588	47 110	1 478
Operating expense	6 000	6 000	5 459	541
TOTAL DPS SECRETARY	54 588	54 588	52 569	2 019
County Sheriff:				
Payroll expense	1 767 854	1 767 854	1 685 874	81 980
Operating expense	614 650	614 650	594 158	20 492
TOTAL COUNTY SHERIFF	2 382 504	2 382 504	2 280 032	102 472
Adult Probation:				
Operating expense	21 500	21 500	17 910	3 590
TOTAL ADULT PROBATION	21 500	21 500	17 910	3 590
Juvenile Probation:				
Payroll expense	-	-	2 912	(2 912)
Operating expense	29 715	29 715	13 713	16 002
TOTAL JUVENILE PROBATION	29 715	29 715	16 625	13 090
TOTAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AND				
CORRECTIONS EXPENDITURES	2 807 357	2 805 857	2 672 673	133 184
Non-departmental expenditures	1 472 044	1 466 844	989 867	476 977
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6 445 104	6 445 104	5 836 530	610 161
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF				
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES			1 036 298	1 036 298
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			(74.040)	(74.040)
Transfers in (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING			(74 840)	(74 840)
SOURCES (USES)	_	-	(74 840)	(74 840)
		_		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	961 458	961 458
Fund balances, beginning	3 787 095	3 787 095	3 787 095	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>3 787 095</u>	\$ <u>3787095</u>	\$ 4 748 553	\$ <u>961 458</u>

See independent auditors' report.

SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE #1 For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Revenues:	-						
Property taxes	\$	482 127	\$	482 127	\$ 506 099	\$	23 972
Other taxes		279 862		279 862	289 587		9 725
Fines and fees		181 500		181 500	179 084		(2 416)
Interest		2 000		2 000	168		(1 832)
Miscellaneous	_	75 000		75 000	 101 214		26 214
TOTAL REVENUES	_	1 020 489		1 020 489	 1 076 152		55 663
Expenditures:							
Payroll expense		320 405		320 405	339 858		(19 453)
Operating expense	_	700 084	_	809 076	 740 363		68 713
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1 020 489		1 129 481	 1 080 221		49 260
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	_			(108 992)	 (4 069)	. .	104 923
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (out)	-	-		50 000	 203 059	<u> </u>	153 059
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-		50 000	 203 059		153 059
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		(58 992)	198 990		257 982
Fund balances, beginning	-	210 839		210 839	 210 839		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	210 839	\$	151 847	\$ 409 829	\$	257 982

SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE #2 For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

		ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	_	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	482 127	\$ 482 127	\$ 506 099	\$	23 972
Other taxes		279 862	279 862	289 587		9 725
Fines and fees		181 500	181 500	179 084		(2 416)
Interest		2000	2 000	215		(1 785)
Miscellaneous	_	75 000	 75 000	 161 360	_	86 360
TOTAL REVENUES		1 020 489	 1 020 489	 1 136 345	_	115 856
Expenditures:					_	
Payroll expense		353 423	353 423	347 431		5 992
Operating expense		667 066	776 058	983 521		(207 463)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	1 020 489	 1 129 481	 1 330 952	-	(201 471)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-		 (108 992)	 (194 607)	-	(85 615)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (out)	_	_	 50 000	 197 928	_	147 928
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-		 50 000	 197 928	_	147 928
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	(58 992)	3 321		62 313
Fund balances, beginning	-	348 855	 348 855	 348 855	-	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	348 855	\$ 289 863	\$ 352 176	\$	62 313

SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE #3 For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	_	ORIGINAL BUDGET	 FINAL BUDGET	_	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	482 127	\$ 482 127	\$	506 099	\$ 23 972
Other taxes		279 862	279 862		289 587	9 725
Fines and fees		181 500	181 500		179 084	(2 416)
Interest		2 000	2 000		335	(1 665)
Miscellaneous	-	75 000	 75 000	_	107 863	32 863
TOTAL REVENUES	-	1 020 489	 1 020 489	_	1 082 968	62 479
Expenditures:						
Payroll expense		352 664	352 664		382 074	(29 410)
Operating expense		630 491	739 483		1 173 950	(434 467)
Debt service	_	37 334	 101 959	_	-	101 959
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	1 020 489	 1 194 106	_	1 556 024	(361 918)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	-	 (173 617)	-	(473 056)	(299 439)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	-		 50 000	-	197 928	147 928
SOURCES (USES)	-	-	 50 000	-	197 928	147 928
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	(123 617)		(275 128)	(151 511)
Fund balances, beginning	-	612 963	 612 963	-	612 963	-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$_	612 963	\$ 489 346	\$	337 835	\$ (151 511)

SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE #4 For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

		ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	 ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET - POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	482 127	\$ 482 127	\$ 506 099	\$ 23 972
Other taxes		279 862	279 862	289 586	9 724
Fines and fees		181 500	181 500	179 084	(2 416)
Interest		2 000	2 000	279	(1 721)
Miscellaneous	_	75 000	 75 000	 101 149	 26 149
TOTAL REVENUES	_	1 020 489	 1 020 489	 1 076 197	 55 708
Expenditures:					
Payroll expense		363 657	363 657	380 402	(16 745)
Operating expense		656 832	656 832	404 623	252 209
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	1 020 489	 1 020 489	 785 025	 235 464
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-		 	 291 172	 291 172
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (out)	-	-	 -	 -	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	_	 	 _	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	-	291 172	291 172
Fund balances, beginning	-	458 440	 458 440	 458 440	 -
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	458 440	\$ 458 440	\$ 749 612	\$ 291 172

SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

		2014
Total Pension Liability:	*	
Service cost	\$	463 927
Interest (on the total pension liability)		960 407
Changes of benefit terms		-
Difference between expected and		
actual experience		-
Change of assumptions		19 055
Benefit payments, including refunds		
of employee contributions		(744 305)
NET CHANGE IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY		699 084
Total pension liability - Beginning		11 994 333
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING		12 693 417
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:		
Contributions - Employer		338 996
Contributions - Employee		266 626
Net investment income		802 479
Benefit payments, including refunds		
of employee contributions		(744 306)
Administrative		(9 351)
Other		20 185
NET CHANGE IN PLAN FIDUCIARY		
NET POSITION		674 629
Plan fiduciary net position - Beginning		11 802 004
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING		12 476 633
NET PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$	216 784
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		
of total pension liability		98.29%
Covered employee payroll	\$	3 808 942
Net pension liability as a percentage of	Ψ.	
covered employee payroll		5.69%

Additional years will be provided as they become available.

SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31,	 ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION	 ACTUAL EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION	 CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	 PENSIONABLE COVERED PAYROLL	ACTUAL CONTRIBUTION AS A % OF COVERED PAYROLL
2006	\$ 228 519	\$ 228 519	\$ -	\$ 3 255 259	7.0%
2007	\$ 260 498	\$ 260 498	\$ -	\$ 3 710 792	7.0%
2008	\$ 254 583	\$ 254 583	\$ -	\$ 3 782 802	6.7%
2009	\$ 261 693	\$ 261 693	\$ -	\$ 3 854 090	6.8%
2010	\$ 296 669	\$ 296 669	\$ -	\$ 3 888 187	7.6%
2011	\$ 301 686	\$ 301 686	\$ -	\$ 3 974 778	7.6%
2012	\$ 338 153	\$ 338 153	\$ -	\$ 4 195 441	8.1%
2013	\$ 338 577	\$ 338 577	\$ -	\$ 4 016 333	8.4%
2014	\$ 338 996	\$ 338 996	\$ -	\$ 3 808 942	8.9%

COMBINING SCHEDULES

	-	ROAD & BRIDGE #1	 ROAD & BRIDGE #2	-	ROAD & BRIDGE #3	_	ROAD & BRIDGE #4
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	421 324	\$ 415 229	\$	401 013	\$	761 668
Property tax receivable		157 565	157 565		157 566		157 566
Other receivable		-	-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	578 889	\$ 572 794	\$	558 579	\$	919 234
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED							
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	3 919	\$ 55 467	\$	53 386	\$	2 574
Accrued expense	_	7 576	 7 586	_	9 792	_	9 482
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	11 495	 63 053	-	63 178	-	12 056
Deferred Inflows:							
Unavailable revenues	_	157 565	 157 565	_	157 566	_	157 566
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	-	157 565	 157 565	-	157 566	_	157 566
Fund Balances:							
Restricted fund balance		409 829	352 176		337 835		749 612
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	-	409 829	 352 176	-	337 835	-	749 612
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED							
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$	578 889	\$ 572 794	\$	558 579	\$	919 234

-	HISTORIC COURTHOUSE FUND		COUNTY CLERK VITAL ARCHIVES FEE FUND		GENERAL RECORDS MANAGEMENT		SHERIFF OFFICE EDUCATION FUND	<u> </u>	VEHICLE INVENTORY TAX FUND		SHERIFF COMMISSARY FUND
\$	1 878	\$	31 255	\$	9 853	\$	2 424	\$	66 435	\$	58 526
	-		-		-		-		-		-
\$	- 1 878	\$	- 31 255	\$	- 9 853	\$	- 2 424	\$	- 66 435	\$	- 58 526
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-	- - - - 1 878	⊅ 	-	⊅ - ·	-	⇒ 	-	⊅ 	- - - - - 66 435	<i>₽</i>	-
-		→ 	-	→ - · ·	-	→ 	_	→ - · · - · ·	- - - - - - 66 435 66 435	₽	-

		CONSTABLE #4 FORFEITURE FUND		DISTRICT ATTORNEY TRUSTEE		DISTRICT ATTORNEY FORFEITURE		LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	3 525	\$	246	\$	34	\$	
Property tax receivable		-	.+	-	.+	-	.+	-
Other receivable		-		-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3 525	\$	246	\$	34	\$	-
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	<i>.</i>		4		4		4	
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued expense		-		-	-	-		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		-	-	-		
Deferred Inflows: Unavailable revenues TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS					-			<u> </u>
Fund Balances:								
Restricted fund balance		3 525		246	_	34		-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		3 525		246	-	34		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$	3 525	\$	246	\$	34	\$	

_	COUNTY ATTORNEY FUND	 HURRICANE IKE ROUND 2.2 GRANT	 JUVENILE COURT TECH FUND		LEOSE CONSTABLES FUND	 CHAPTER 19 VOTER REGISTRATION
\$	18 355 -	\$ -	\$ 2 150	\$	11 484	\$ -
\$	- 18 355	\$ 	\$ 2 150	\$	- 11 484	\$
\$	- - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$		\$
-	-	 _	 -	. <u>-</u>	-	 -
-		 -	 		-	
-	18 355 18 355	 -	 2 150 2 150	 	11 484 11 484	
\$	18 355	\$ _	\$ 2 150	\$	11 484	\$

ASSETS Cash and investments		LAW LIBRARY FUND 92 033		DISTRICT CLERK RECORD MGMT FUND 5 980		COUNTY CLERK RECORD MGMT FUND 101 828	\$	COURTHOUSE SECURITY FUND 30 955
Property tax receivable	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Other receivable		-		-		11		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	92 033	\$	5 980	\$	101 839	\$	30 955
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued expense TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- 52 52
Deferred Inflows:								
Unavailable revenues		-		_		-		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	_	-		-		-		
Fund Balances:		00.000		5 000		101 020		20,002
Restricted fund balance TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	92 033 92 033		<u>5 980</u> 5 980		101 839 101 839		<u> </u>
ICHILIOND DIMMCEO	_	94 000		0.900		101 009		00 900
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$	92 033	\$	5 980	\$	101 828	\$	30 955

_	JURY FUND	 RIGHT OF WAY FUND	 INDIGENT HEALTH CARE FUND		COURT REPORTER SERVICE FUND	 SHELBY COUNTY HOSPITAL FUND		JUVENILE PROBATION FUND
\$	27 480 13 982	\$ 329 633 9 524 -	\$ 577 918 15 807	\$	811	\$ - -	\$	8 171 - 92
\$	41 462	\$ 339 157	\$ 593 725	\$	811	\$ -	\$	8 263
\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$ 6 508 486 6 994	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -
	13 982	9 524	15 807		-	-		_
	13 982	 9 524	 15 807	· _	-	 -	· -	-
	27 480 27 480	 329 633 329 633	 570 924 570 924		<u>811</u> 811	 -		<u>8 263</u> 8 263
\$	41 462	\$ 339 157	\$ 593 725	\$	811	\$ -	\$	8 263

		JUVENILE					
		TITLE		SHERIFF			SHERIFF
		IV E		FEDERAL	GRANT		LOCAL
		FUND		SEIZURE	 FUND		FORFEITURE
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	1 143	\$	2 540	\$ (5 250)	\$	6 253
Property tax receivable		-		-	-		-
Other receivable	_	-		-	 -		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	1 143	\$	2 540	\$ (5 250)	\$	6 253
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED							
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Accrued expense		_	.+	_	 _	.+	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		-	 -		-
Deferred Inflows:							
Unavailable revenues	_	-		-	 -		-
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS		-		-	-		-
Fund Balances:							
Restricted fund balance		1 143		2 540	 (5 250)		6 253
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1 143		2 540	 (5 250)		6 253
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED							
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1 143	\$	2 540	\$ (5 250)	\$_	6 253

	COUNTY COURT RECORDS TECH FUND	 DISTRICT COURT RECORDS TECH FUND	 APPELLATE JUDICIAL FEE COUNTY CLERK	 APPELLATE JUDICIAL FEE DISTRICT CLERK	 RECORDS ARCHIVE FEE COUNTY CLERK
\$	10 040 -	\$ 16 031 -	\$ 150 -	\$ 350 -	\$ 151 307
\$	10 040	\$ 16 031	\$ 150	\$ 350	\$ 151 307
\$	- -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$
_		 	 	 	 <u> </u>
_	10 040 10 040	 16 031 16 031	 150 150	 <u>350</u> 350	 151 307 151 307
\$	10 040	\$ 16 031	\$ 150	\$ 350	\$ 151 307

	_	RECORDS ARCHIVE FEE DISTRICT CLERK		JP COURT SECURITY FUND		GUARDIANSHIP FUND
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	16 755	\$	20 646	\$	11 676
Property tax receivable	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Other receivable		-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	16 755	\$	20 646	\$	11 676
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued expense TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
Deferred Inflows:						
Unavailable revenues	_	-		-		-
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS		-		-		-
Fund Balances:						
Restricted fund balance		16 755		20 646		11 676
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	16 755		20 646		11 676
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$	16 755	\$	20 646	\$	11 676

DISTRICT SEIZUR NON-TRAFFIC			DISTRICT A FORFEITU		-	DISTRICT ATTORNEY FORFEITURE FUNDS	TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
\$ 41 992 - -	\$ - -	\$	7 339	\$ 3 429 - -	\$	13 000	\$ 3 677 609 669 575 103
\$ 41 992	\$ -	\$	7 339	\$ 3 429	\$	13 000	\$ 4 347 287
\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$ -	\$	- -	\$ 121 854 34 974
	 	-		 -	- ·		 156 828 669 575 669 575
41 992 41 992	 -	-	7 339 7 339	 3 429 3 429	 	13 000 13 000	 3 520 884 3 520 884
\$ 41 992	\$ -	\$	7 339	\$ 3 429	\$	13 000	\$ 4 347 276

	ROAD & BRIDGE #1		ROAD & BRIDGE #2	 ROAD & BRIDGE #3		ROAD & BRIDGE #4
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ 506 099	\$	506 099	\$ 506 099	\$	506 099
Other taxes	289 587		289 587	289 587		289 586
Fines and fees	179 084		179 084	179 084		179 084
Charges for services	-		-	-		-
Grants and contributions	-		-	-		-
Interest	168		215	335		279
Miscellaneous income	101 214		161 360	 107 863		101 149
TOTAL REVENUES	1 076 152		1 136 345	 1 082 968		1 076 197
Expenditures:						
Payroll expense	339 858		347 431	382 074		380 402
Operating expense	740 363		983 521	1 173 950		404 623
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1 080 221		1 330 952	 1 556 024	· -	785 025
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)						
OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES	(4 069)		(194 607)	 (473 056)		291 172
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer out						
Transfers in	- 203 059		- 197 928	- 197 928		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	203 039		197 920	 197 920	· -	
SOURCES (USES)	203 059		197 928	197 928		
SOURCES (USES)	203 039		197 920	 197 920	· -	
NET CHANGE IN FUND						
BALANCES	198 990		3 321	(275 128)		291 172
	190 990		0.021	(270 120)		291 112
Fund balances, beginning	210 839	<u>.</u> .	348 855	 612 963	· -	458 440
FUND BALANCES ENDING	\$ 409 829	\$	352 176	\$ 337 835	\$	749 612

-	HISTORIC COURTHOUSE FUND		COUNTY CLERK VITAL ARCHIVES FEE FUND	_	GENERAL RECORDS MANAGEMENT	 SHERIFF OFFICE EDUCATION FUND	 VEHICLE INVENTORY TAX FUND		SHERIFF COMMISSARY FUND
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
	-		-		-	-	119 043		-
	-		1 874		7 190	-	-		-
	-		-		-	-	-		57 907
	697		-		-	13 248	- 104		-
	-		-		_	-	-		-
-	697		1 874	-	7 190	 13 248	 119 147	· -	57 907
-				-					
	-		-		-	-			-
-	-			-	<u>3 210</u> 3 210	 10 824 10 824	 126 155 126 155	· -	83 853 83 853
-				-	5210	 10.024	 120 133		00 000
-	697		1 874	_	3 980	 2 424	 (7 008)	· -	(25 946)
	-		-		_	-	_		-
	-		-		-	-	-		-
-				-					
-	-		-	-	_	 -	 -		-
	697		1 874		3 980	2 424	(7 008)		(25 946)
			10.1		0,000		(1 000)		(=0 2 .0)
-	1 181		29 381	-	5 873	 -	 73 443		84 472
		а.							
\$_	1 878	\$_	31 255	\$	9 853	\$ 2 424	\$ 66 435	\$	58 526

		CONSTABLE #4 FORFEITURE FUND	DISTRICT ATTORNEY TRUSTEE	DISTRICT ATTORNEY FORFEITURE	_	LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Other taxes		-	-	-		-
Fines and fees		-	-	-		-
Charges for services		-	-	-		-
Grants and contributions		-	-	-		-
Interest		5	-	-		2
Miscellaneous income	_	1 665	 28 159	-		-
TOTAL REVENUES	_	1 670	 28 159	-		2
Expenditures:						
Payroll expense			24 719			
Operating expense		- 70	13 713	-		- 1 949
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	70	 38 432			1 949
IOTAL EXPENDITORES	-	70	 30 432	-		1 949
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	1 600	 (10 273)	-		(1 947)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfer out		_	_	_		_
Transfers in		_	_	_		_
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	-					
SOURCES (USES)	_	_	 -	_		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1 600	(10 273)	-		(1 947)
Fund balances, beginning	_	1 925	 10 519	34		1 947
FUND BALANCES ENDING	\$_	3 525	\$ 246	\$ 34	\$	

_	COUNTY ATTORNEY FUND		HURRICANE IKE ROUND 2.2 GRANT		JUVENILE COURT TECH FUND	-	LEOSE CONSTABLES FUND	. <u>-</u>	CHAPTER 19 VOTER REGISTRATION
\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		5 388		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		171 788		-		-		624
	42		-		-		-		-
_	9 522		-	-	-	-	1 978		-
-	9 564		171 788	-	5 388	-	1 978	. <u>-</u>	624
	16 442		-		-		-		-
-	-		171 788	-	18 806	-	-		624
-	16 442		171 788	-	18 806	-	-	. <u>-</u>	624
	(6 878)		_		(13 418)		1 978		-
-	(0.0.0)			-	()	-		• •	
	-		-		-		-		-
-	-		-	-	-	-	-	. <u>-</u>	
-	-		-	-	-	-	-	. <u>-</u>	
	(6 878)		_		(13 418)		1 978		_
	25 233		_		15 568		9 506		-
- -		ф.				- -		<u></u> .	
\$_	18 355	\$	-	\$	2 150	\$_	11 484	\$	

	LAW LIBRARY FUND			DISTRICT CLERK RECORD MGMT FUND	 COUNTY CLERK RECORD MGMT FUND		COURTHOUSE SECURITY FUND
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Other taxes		-		-	-		-
Fines and fees		11 635		2 110	47 140		11 480
Charges for services		-		-	-		-
Grants and contributions		-		-	-		-
Interest		-		-	-		-
Miscellaneous income		-		-	-		-
TOTAL REVENUES	_	11 635		2 110	 47 140		11 480
			. –			• •	
Expenditures:							
Payroll expense		-		-	34 663		62 083
Operating expense		8 473		1 859	63 384		1 413
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	8 473		1 859	 98 047		63 496
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	_	3 162		251	 (50 907)		(52 016)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfer out		-		-	-		-
Transfers in		-		-	-		74 840
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	_						
SOURCES (USES)		-		-	-		74 840
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	_	3 162	-	251	 (50 907)	. <u>-</u>	22 824
Fund balances, beginning	_	88 871	· <u> </u>	5 729	 152 746		8 079
FUND BALANCES ENDING	\$_	92 033	\$	5 980	\$ 101 839	\$	30 903

_	JURY FUND	 RIGHT OF WAY FUND		INDIGENT HEALTH CARE FUND		COURT REPORTER SERVICE FUND	_	SHELBY COUNTY HOSPITAL FUND	. <u>-</u>	JUVENILE PROBATION FUND	
\$	105 930	\$ 71 866	\$	117 125	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	-	-		-		-		-		-	
	-	-		-		4 485		-		-	
	-	-		-		-		-		-	
	-	-		-		-		-		107 806	
	-	-		421		-		-		21	
	-	 -	· _		· -	-	-	-	· -		
_	105 930	 71 866	· —	117 546	· -	4 485	-	-		107 827	
	75 499	-		18 938		-		-		105 694	
	5 129	32 334		361 770		6 233		12 557		29 321	
	80 628	 32 334		380 708	• -	6 233	_	12 557		135 015	
	25 302	39 532		(263 162)		(1 748)		(12 557)		(27 188)	
	23 302	 39 332	· -	(203 102)	· -	(1740)	-	(12 337)		(27 100)	
	-	(150 000)		-		-		-		-	
			· -				-				
_	-	 (150 000)					_	-	. <u>-</u>	-	
	25 302	(110 468)		(263 162)		(1 748)		(12 557)		(27 188)	
_	2 178	 440 101		834 086		2 559	_	12 557		35 451	
\$_	27 480	\$ 329 633	\$	570 924	\$	811	\$_	-	\$	8 263	

	_	JUVENILE TITLE IV E FUND		SHERIFF FEDERAL SEIZURE		GRANT FUND	_	SHERIFF LOCAL FORFEITURE
Revenues:	đ		đ		đ		ሐ	
Property taxes Other taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fines and fees		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Grants and contributions		-		-		- 458 040		-
		-		-		458 040		-
Interest Miscellaneous income		-		-		-		-
TOTAL REVENUES		-		-		458 040		750 750
IOTAL REVENCES	_	-		-		458 040	-	750
Expenditures:								
Payroll expense		-		-		-		-
Operating expense		-		13 690		-		10 488
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	-		13 690		-	_	10 488
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES			_	(13 690)		458 040	-	(9 738)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfer out		-		-		(448 915)		-
Transfers in	_	-	_	-		-	_	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	-	_			(448 915)	_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		(13 690)		9 125		(9 738)
Fund balances, beginning	_	1 143	_	16 230		(14 375)	_	15 991
FUND BALANCES ENDING	\$_	1 143	\$	2 540	\$	(5 250)	\$_	6 253

_	COUNTY COURT RECORDS TECH FUND	 DISTRICT COURT RECORDS TECH FUND	APPELLATE JUDICIAL FEE COUNTY CLERK	APPELLATE JUDICIAL FEE DISTRICT CLERK	_	RECORDS ARCHIVE FEE COUNTY CLERK		
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
	- 2 266	- 3 260		- 585	- 1 490		- 46 791	
	-	-		-	-		-	
	-	-		-	-		-	
	-	-		-	-		-	
_	-	 -		-	-	_	-	
_	2 266	 3 260	· -	585	1 490	_	46 791	
-		 	- <u>-</u>	- 610 610	<u>1 540</u> 1 540	-		
_	2 266	 3 260		(25)	(50)	_	39 734	
	-	-		-	-		-	
_	-	 				_		
	2 266	3 260		(25)	(50)		39 734	
	7 774	12 771		175	400		111 573	
\$_	10 040	\$ 16 031	\$	150	\$ 350	\$_	151 307	

P		 SECURITY FUND		GUARDIANSHIP FUND	
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
Other taxes	-	-		-	
Fines and fees	4 060	831		1 560	
Charges for services	-	-		-	
Grants and contributions	-	-		-	
Interest	-	-		-	
Miscellaneous income	 -	 -	_	-	
TOTAL REVENUES	 4 060	 831		1 560	
Expenditures:					
Payroll expense	_	_		_	
Operating expense	_	_		_	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 	 	· -		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)					
OF REVENUES OVER					
EXPENDITURES	4 060	831		1 560	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfer out	-	-		-	
Transfers in	 -	 -		-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	 -	 -			
NET CHANGE IN FUND					
BALANCES	4 060	831		1 560	
Fund balances, beginning	 12 695	 19 815		10 116	
FUND BALANCES ENDING	\$ 16 755	\$ 20 646	\$	11 676	

	DISTRICT AT SEIZURE				DISTRICT ATT FORFEITURE			DISTRICT ATTORNEY FORFEITURE		TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE
-	NON-TRAFFIC	-	TRAFFIC	-	NON-TRAFFIC	TRAFFIC	-	FUNDS	_	FUNDS
\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	2 319 317
	-		-		-	-		-		1 277 390
	38 450		-		-	-		-		906 931
	-		-		-	-		-		57 907
	-		-		-	-		-		752 203
	-		-		3	1		-		1 596
_	-	_	-		572	-	_	13 000		527 232
	38 450		-		575	1	_	13 000		5 842 576
	-		-		-	-		-		1 787 803
_	520	_	-	-	6 999	3 743	-	-		4 300 569
-	520	_	-		6 999	3 743	-	-	_	6 088 372
	27.000				(6.404)			12.000		
-	37 930	-	-	-	(6 424)	(3 742)	-	13 000	_	(245 796)
	(13 763)		(7 171)		-	-		-		(619 849)
-	-	-	-		13 763	7 171	-	-		694 690
-	(13 763)	_	(7 171)	-	13 763	7 171	-			74 840
	24 167		(7 171)		7 339	3 429		13 000		(170 956)
-	17 825	_	7 171		-	-		-	_	3 691 840
\$_	41 992	\$_	-	\$	7 339 \$	3 429	\$	13 000	\$	3 520 884

SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2015

	ARENA BLEACHER	COUNTY	DISTRICT CLERK		DISTRICT	MOTOR VEHICLE	PROPERTY
	FUND	CLERK	TRUST		CLERK	TAX	TAXES
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 37 341	\$ 150 891	\$ 1 794 018	\$	860 502	\$ 285 427	\$ 292 404
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 37 341	\$ 150 891	\$ 1 794 018	\$	860 502	\$ 285 427	\$ 292 404
LIABILITIES							
Due to others	\$ 37 341	\$ 150 891	\$ 1 794 018	\$	860 502	\$ 285 427	\$ 292 404
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 37 341	\$ 150 891	\$ 1 794 018	\$_	860 502	\$ 285 427	\$ 292 404

-	COUNTY ATTORNEY RESTITUTION	<u> </u>	COUNTY ATTORNEY TRUST		INMATE ACCOUNT		DISTRICT ATTORNEY FORFEITURE		AGENCY FUND	 GARZA COUNTY FUND	 CHILD ABUSE PREVENTION FEE FUND
\$ \$	54 771 54 771	\$\$	20 603 20 603	\$ \$	<u>33 771</u> 33 771	\$ \$	<u>10 446</u> 10 446	\$ \$	54 162 54 162	\$ 12 526 12 526	\$ 1 063 1 063
\$ \$	54 771 54 771	\$\$	20 603 20 603	\$	33 771 33 771	\$\$	10 446 10 446	\$	54 162 54 162	\$ 12 526 12 526	\$ 1 063 1 063

SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CONTINUED September 30, 2015

	FAMILY PROTECTION FEE FUND	 CHILD SAFETY FEE FUND	 COMBINED FIDUCIARY FUNDS
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3 355	\$ 1 634	\$ 3 612 914
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3 355	\$ 1 634	\$ 3 612 914
LIABILITIES Due to others TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ <u>3 355</u> 3 355	\$ <u>1 634</u> 1 634	\$ 3 612 914 3 612 914

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Commissioners' Court of Shelby County Center, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelby County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Shelby County, Texas' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 9, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Shelby County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Shelby County, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Shelby County, Texas' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies. See Findings 2015-1.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Shelby County, Texas' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFYED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Lufkin, Texas May 9, 2016

SHELBY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

- A. Summary of the Auditor's Results:
 - 1. Financial Statements

Type of report issued:	Unmodified					
Internal control over financial reporting:						
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No					
Significant deficiency(s) that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	X Yes None reported					

B. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Governmental Auditing Standards:

Finding 2015-1:

Condition - The County does not have adequate separation of duties in the Justice of Peace offices to assure that all transactions are properly accounted for during the year.

Criteria - The receipt, disbursement, and reconciliation process is performed by personnel within the same department and in some cases the same personnel.

Effect - There is a risk due to a lack of preventative controls of material misstatement in the financial records due to the lack of adequate segregation of controls related to these financial transactions. The County relies on detective controls to detect and correct errors after the fact with review processes in the County Auditors office.

Questioned Cost - None

Recommendation - We recommend that the function identified be separated within the Justice of Peace offices.

Client Response - The County administration is aware of the problem and is currently assessing the possibility of segregating the functions in the Justice of Peace office to assure proper controls.