Notice About 2020 Tax Rates

Property Tax Rates in CITY OF TIMPSON. This notice concerns the 2020 property tax rates for CITY OF TIMPSON. This notice provides information about two tax rates used in adopting the current tax year's tax rate. The no-new-revenue tax rate would Impose the same amount of taxes as last year if you compare properties taxed in both years. In most cases, the voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate a taxing unit can adopt without holding an election. In each case, these rates are calculated by dividing the total amount of taxes by the current taxable value with adjustments as required by state law. The rates are given per \$100 of property value.

This year's no-new-revenue tax rate:

\$0.365900/\$100

This year's voter-approval tax rate:

\$0.3966/\$100

To see the full calculations, please visit for a copy of the Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet.

This notice contains a summary of the no-new-revenue and voter-approval calculations as certified by Name of person preparing this notice: DEBORA RILEY PCAC

Position: TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR

Date prepared: July 27, 2020

TNT-757 02-20/8

Small Taxing Unit Notice

The CITY OF TIMPSON will hold a meeting at 05:30 PM on August 18, 2020 at City of Timpson City Hall to consider adopting a proposed tax rate for tax year 2020. The proposed tax rate is 0.383000 per \$100 of value.

The proposed tax rate would increase total taxes in CITY OF TIMPSON by 5 %.

2020 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

CITY OF TIMPSON

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

1.	2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2019 taxable value on the 2019 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (will deduct taxes in Line 17). ¹	\$33,770,946
2.	2019 tax ceilings. Counties, Cities and Junior College Districts. Enter 2019 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other units enter "0" If your taxing units adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2019 or prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	\$0
3.	Preliminary 2019 adjusted taxable value. Subtract line 2 from line 1.	\$33,770,946
4.	2019 total adopted tax rate.	\$0.360000/\$100
5.	2019 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2019 appraised value. A. Original 2019 ARB values: B. 2019 values resulting from final court decisions: - \$0 C. 2019 value loss. Subtract B from A.3	ΦO
		\$0
6.	2019 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2019 ARB certified value: B. 2019 dispuated value: - \$0 C. 2019 undisputed value. Subtract B from A.4	\$0
7.	2019 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add line 5 and line 6.	\$0
8.	2019 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments.	espenditus various and value control browns in a part propries and propries and propries and a
	Add line 3 and line 7.	\$33,770,946

¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

² Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate (continued)

9.	2019 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after January 1, 2019. Enter the 2019 value of property in deannexed territory. ⁵	\$0
10.	2019 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2020. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2020 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2019 market value: B. Partial exemptions. 2020 exemption amount or 2020 percentage exemption times 2019 value: + \$99,586	\$99,586
11.	appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2020. Use only those properties that first qualified in 2020; do not use properties that qualified in 2019. A. 2019 market value: \$23,530 B. 2020 productivity or special appraised value: -\$1,180	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. ⁷	\$22,350
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$121,936
13.	Adjusted 2019 taxable value. Subtract line 12 from line 8.	\$33,649,010
14.	Adjusted 2019 total levy. Multiply line 4 by line 13 and divide by \$100.	\$121,136
15.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2019. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code § 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code § 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019.	\$65
16.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2019. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the unit has no 2020 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter "0".9	\$0
17.	Adjusted 2019 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add lines 14 and 15, subtract line 16.10	\$121,201

⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

¹⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate (continued)

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18.	Total 2020 taxable value on the 2020 certified appraisa value includes only certified values or certified estimate of the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will These homesteads includes homeowners age 65 or older	values and includes I deduct in line 20).	
	A. Certified values:	\$33,412,549	
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	+ \$0	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	- \$0	
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2020 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2020 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in line 23 below. ¹²	- \$0	
	E. Total 2020 value. Add A and B, then subtract C	- φυ	September 1
	and D.		\$33,412,549
	Total value of properties under protest or not included appraisal roll. 13 A. 2020 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14 B. 2020 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included at appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	on certified \$0 + \$0	

¹¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.12, 26.04(c-2)

¹² Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

¹³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d)

¹⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c)

¹⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d)

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate (concluded)

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19. (cont.)		\$0
20.	2020 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter "0". If your taxing units adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2019 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. 16	\$0
21.	2020 total taxable value. Add lines 18E and 19C. Subtract line 20. ¹⁷	\$33,412,549
22.	Total 2020 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after January 1, 2019. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2020 value of property in territory annexed. 18	\$0
	Total 2020 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2019. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after January 1, 2019 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2020. 19	\$295,618
24.	Total adjustments to the 2020 taxable value. Add lines 22 and 23.	\$295,618
25.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Subtract line 24 from line 21.	\$33,116,931
26.	2020 NNR tax rate. Divide line 17 by line 25 and multiply by \$100. ²⁰	\$0.3659/\$100
	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2020 county NNR tax rate. ²¹	\$/\$100

16 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(B)

17 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)

18 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

19 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

20 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

21 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(d)

Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. **Debt Rate:** The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

28.	2019 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2019 M&O tax rate.	\$0.3600/\$100
29.	2019 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$33,770,946
30.	Total 2019 M&O levy. Multiply line 28 by line 29 and divide by \$100.	\$121,575
31.	Adjusted 2019 levy for calculating NNR M&O taxes. A. 2019 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. For cities, counties and hospital districts, enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2019, if any. Other taxing units, enter 0. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent. B. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019: Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019. C. 2019 taxes in TIF.: Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2020 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0.	5

Voter-Approval Tax Rate (continued)

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31. (cont.)	D. 2019 transferred function.: If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in E below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in E below. Other taxing units enter 0. +/- \$0 E. 2019 M&O levy adjustments.: Add A and B, then subtract C. For taxing unit with D, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function. \$65 F. Add line 30 to line 31E.	\$121,640
		412. ,010
	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$33,116,931
	2020 NNR M&O rate. (unadjusted) Divide line 31 by line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.3673/\$100
	A. 2020 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. B. 2019 criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies. C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100. \$0/\$100	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0/\$100

^{22 [}Reserved for expansion] 23 Tex. Tax Code § 26.044

Voter-Approval Tax Rate (continued)

	Approval Tax Nate (continued)		
35.	Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures. ²⁴		
	A. 2020 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received for the same purpose.	\$0	
	B. 2019 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any state assistance received for the same		
	purpose.	\$0	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$0/\$100
36.	Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. ²⁵		
	A. 2020 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose.	\$0	
	B. 2019 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any state grants received by the county for the same	Ť	
	purpose.	\$0	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100	
	D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100	
	E. Enter the lessor of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$0/\$100

24 Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442 25 Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442

Voter-Approval Tax Rate (continued)

r	Approval Tax Rate (continued)	
T	Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures. 26 A. 2020 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020 \$0 B. 2019 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019. \$0 C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and	
	multiply by \$100. \$0/\$100	
	D. Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100. \$0/\$100	
	E. Enter the lessor of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0/\$100
38.	Adjusted 2020 NNR M&O rate. Add lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E.	\$0.3673/\$100
39.	2020 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below. Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply line 38 by 1.08. Other Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 38 by 1.035 Taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared as disaster area, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the second year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, and 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred. If the taxing unit qualifies under this	
	scenario, multiply line 38 by 1.08. ²⁷	\$0.3966/\$100

Voter-Approval Tax Rate (concluded)

	Approval Tax Nate (concluded)	
40	revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses. A: Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. Enter debt amount. B: Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt. C: Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none). D: Subtract amount paid from other resources. -\$0	
	E: Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.	\$0
41.	Certified 2019 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. ²⁸	\$0
42.	Adjusted 2020 debt. Subtract line 41 from line 40E.	\$0
43.	2020 anticipated collection rate. A. Enter the 2020 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. ²⁹ B. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate. C. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate. D. Enter the 2017 actual collection rate. E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 30	100.0000%
44.	2020 debt adjusted for collections. Divide line 42 by line 43E.	\$0
45.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount on line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$33,412,549
46.	2020 debt rate. Divide line 44 by line 45 and multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100
47.	2020 voter-approval tax rate. Add lines 39 and 46.	\$0.3966/\$100
48.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2020 county voter-approval tax rate.	\$/\$100
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²⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 16.04(b)

²⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(b) 30 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(h),(h-1) and (h-2)

De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. ⁴²

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

66.	Adjusted 2020 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from line 38 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0.3673/\$100
	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$33,412,549
68.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by line 67 and multiply by \$100.	\$1.4964/\$100
69.	2020 debt rate. Enter the rate from line 46 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0/\$100
70.	De minimis rate. Add lines 66,68, and 69.	\$1.8637/\$100

42 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(8-a) 43 Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-New-Revenue tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2020 NNR tax rate from: line 26, line 27 (counties), or line 54 (adjusted for sales tax).	\$0.3659/\$100
Voter-approval tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2020 voter-approval tax rate from: line 47, line 48 (counties), line 56 (adjusted for sales tax), line 60 (adjusted for pollution control), or line 65 (adjusted for unused increment).	\$0.3966/\$100
De minimis rate. If applicable, enter the de minimis rate from line 70.	\$1.8637/\$100

Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have calculated the tax rates in accordance with requirements in Tax Code. 44

august 10, 2020

Print Here Debora Riley, Tax Assessor

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

Sign Here

Taxing Unit Representative

Date

44 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)



2020 Notice of No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet for Calculation of Tax Increase/Decrease

Date: 10/05/2020

\$617

Entity Name: CITY OF TIMPSON

Subtract Line 8 from Line 9.

1.2019 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. \$33,770,946 2.2019 total tax rate. Enter line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. 0.360000 3. Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019. Enter line 15 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. \$65 4.Last year's levy. Multiply Line 1 times Line 2 and divide by 100. To the result, add Line 3. \$121,640 5.2020 total taxable value. Enter Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet. \$33,412,549 6.2020 no-new tax rate. Enter line 26 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet or Line 54 of the Additional Sales Tax Rate Worksheet. 0.365900 7.2020 taxes if a tax rate equal to the no-new-revenue tax rate is adopted. Multiply Line 5 times Line 6 and divide by 100. \$122,257 8.Last year's total levy. Sum of line 4 for all funds. \$121,640 9.2020 total taxes if a tax rate equal to the no-new-revenue tax rate is adopted. Sum of line 7 for all funds. \$122,257 10.Tax Increase (Decrease).

CITY OF TIMPSON

Tax Rate Recap for 2020 Tax Rates

Description of Rate	Tax Rate Per \$100	Tax Levy This is calculated using the Total Adjusted Taxable Value (line 21) of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Additional Tax Levy Compared to last year's tax levy of 121,575	Additional Tax Levy Compared to no-new- revenue tax rate levy of 122,257
Last Year's Tax Rate	0.360000	\$120,285	\$-1,290	\$-1,97
No-New-Revenue Tax Rate	0.365900	\$122,257	\$681	\$(
Notice & Hearing Limit	0.365900	\$122,257	\$681	\$(
Voter-Approval Tax Rate	0.396600	\$132,514	\$10,939	\$10,258
Proposed Tax Rate	0.383000	\$127,970	\$6,395	\$5,714
No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Inc. 0.00	rease in Cents per \$3	100	681	
0.50	0.370900	123,927	2,352	1.67
1.00	0.375900	125,598	4,022	3,34
1.50	0.380900	127,268	5,693	5,01
2.00	0.385900	128,939	7,364	6,63.
2.50	0.390900	130,610	9,034	8,35
3.00	0.395900	132,280	10,705	10,02-
3.50	0.400900	133,951	12,376	11,69:
4.00	0.405900	135,622	14,046	13,36:
4.50	0.410900	137,292	15,717	15,03
5.00	0.415900	138,963	17,387	16,70
5.50	0.420900	140,633	19,058	18,37
6.00	0.425900	142,304	20,729	20,04
6.50	0.430900	143,975	22,399	21,711
7.00	0.435900	145,645	24,070	23,389
7.30	0.440900 0.445900	147,316	25,741 27,411	25,059 26.730
8.50	0.450900	148,987 150,657	29,082	28,40
9.00	0.455900	152,328	30,752	30,07
9.50	0.460900	153,998	32,423	31,74
10.00	0.465900	155,669	34,094	33,41
10.50	0.470900	157,340	35,764	35,083
11.00	0.475900	159,010	37,435	36,75-
11.50	0.480900	160,681	39,106	38,424
12.00	0.485900	162,352	40,776	40,09:
12.50	0.490900	164,022	42,447	41,760
13.00	0.495900	165,693	44,117	43,430
13.50	0.500900	167,363	45,788	45,107
1.7.00				

169,034

170,705

47,459

49,129

46,778

48,448

0.505900

0.510900

14.00

14.50

Tax Levy:

This is calculated by taking the adjusted taxable value (line 21 of No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet), multiplying by the appropriate rate, such as the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate and dividing by 100.

For School Districts: This is calculated by taking the adjusted taxable value (line 34 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet), multiplying by the appropriate rate, dividing by 100 and then adding this year's frozen tax levy on homesteads of the elderly.

Last Year:

Additional Levy This is calculated by taking Last Year's taxable value (line 3 of No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet), multiplying by Last Year's tax rate (line 4 of No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet) and dividing by 100.

> For School Districts: This is calculated by taking Last Year's taxable value, subtracting Last Year's taxable value for the elderly, multiplying by Last Year's tax rate, dividing by 100 and adding Last Year's tax ceiling.

This Year:

Additional Levy This is calculated by taking the current adjusted taxable value, multiplying by the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate and dividing by 100.

> For School Districts: This is calculated by taking the adjusted taxable value (line 34 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet), multiplying by the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate, dividing by 100 and adding This Year's tax ceiling.

COUNTIES ONLY:

All figures in this worksheet include ALL County Funds. Tax Levy amounts are the sum of each Fund's Taxable Value X each Fund's Tax Rate.